City of Socorro, Texas

Basic Financial Statements, Required Supplementary Information and Supplementary Information For the Year Ended September 30, 2009 and Independent Auditors' Report

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INDEPENDENT AUDITORS' REPORT

To Honorable Mayor Guillermo Gandara Sr. and Members of City Council City of Socorro, Texas

We have audited the accompanying financial statements of the governmental activities and each major fund of the City of Socorro, Texas, as of and for the year ended September 30, 2009, which collectively comprise the City's basic financial statements as listed in the table of contents. These financial statements are the responsibility of City of Socorro, Texas' management. Our responsibility is to express opinions on these financial statements based on our audit.

We conducted our audit in accordance with auditing standards generally accepted in the United States of America, and the standards applicable to financial audits contained in Government Auditing Standards issued by the Comptroller General of the United States. Those standards require that we plan and perform the audit to obtain reasonable assurance about whether the financial statements are free of material misstatement. An audit includes examining, on a test basis, evidence supporting the amounts and disclosures in the financial statements. An audit also includes assessing the accounting principles used and significant estimates made by management, as well as evaluating the overall financial statement presentation. We believe that our audit provides a reasonable basis for our opinions.

In our opinion, the financial statements referred to above present fairly, in all material respects, the respective financial position of the governmental activities and each major fund of the City of Socorro, Texas, as of September 30, 2009, and the respective changes in financial position for the year then ended in conformity with accounting principles generally accepted in the United States of America.

In accordance with Government Auditing Standards, we have also issued our report dated June 28, 2010, on our consideration of the City of Socorro, Texas' internal control over financial reporting and on our tests of its compliance with certain provisions of laws, regulations, contracts, and grant agreements and other matters. The purpose of that report is to describe the scope of our testing of internal control over financial reporting and compliance and the results of that testing and not to provide an opinion on the internal control over financial reporting or on compliance. That report is an integral part of an audit performed in accordance with Government Auditing Standards and should be considered in assessing the results of our audit.

The management's discussion and analysis and budgetary comparison information on pages 3 through 7 and 26 through 29, are not a required part of the basic financial statements but are supplementary information required by accounting principles generally accepted in the United States of America. We have applied certain limited procedures, which consisted principally of inquiries of management regarding the methods of measurement and presentation of the required supplementary information. However, we did not audit the information and express no opinion on it.

Our audit was conducted for the purpose of forming opinions on the financial statements that collectively comprise the City of Socorro, Texas' basic financial statements. The Budgetary Comparison Schedule - Debt Service Fund and Budgetary Comparison Schedule - Capital Projects Fund are presented for purposes of additional analysis and are not a required part of the basic financial statements. The Budgetary Comparison Schedule - Debt Service Fund, Budgetary Comparison Schedule - Capital Projects Fund have been subjected to the auditing procedures applied in the audit of the basic financial statements and, in our opinion, are fairly stated in all material respects in relation to the basic financial statements taken as a whole.

South of Touto, LLP

June 28, 2010

CITY OF SOCORRO, TEXAS MANAGEMENT'S DISCUSSION AND ANALYSIS FOR THE YEAR ENDED SEPTEMBER 30, 2009

This section of the City of Socorro's annual financial report represents our discussion and analysis of the City's financial performance during the fiscal year that ended September 30, 2009. Please read it in conjunction with the City's financial statements and accompanying footnotes, which follow this section.

FINANCIAL HIGHLIGHTS FISCAL YEAR 2009

- General Fund revenues were approximately 1% less than projected due to state of the economy.
- General fund expenses were held to approximately 91% of the actual budget, which helped result in an actual net increase of \$430,690 to the General Fund end of year balance.
- For the end of fiscal year 2009, net assets were reported at approximately \$7,800,000.

OVERVIEW OF FINANCIAL STATEMENTS

Management's Discussion and Analysis introduces the City's basic financial statements. The basic financial statements include: (1) government-wide financial statements, (2) fund financial statements, and (3) notes to the financial statements. The City also includes in this report additional information to supplement the basic financial statements.

GOVERNMENT - WIDE FINANCIAL STATEMENTS

The City's annual report includes two government-wide financial statements. These statements provide both long-term and short-term information about the City's overall status. Financial reporting at this level uses a perspective similar to that found in the private sector, with its basis in full accrual accounting and eliminating or reclassifying of internal activities.

The first of these government-wide statements is the Statements of Net Assets. This is the City-wide statement of financial position presenting information that includes all of the City's assets and liabilities, with the difference reported as net assets. Over time, increases or decreases in net assets may serve as a useful indicator of whether the financial position of the City as a whole is improving or deteriorating. Evaluation of the overall economic health of the City would extend to other non-financial factors such as diversification of the taxpayer base or the condition of the City infrastructure, in addition to the financial information provided in this report.

The second government-wide statement is the Statement of Activities which reports how the City's net assets changed during the current fiscal year. All current year revenues and expenses are included regardless of when cash is received or paid. An important purpose of the design of the statement of activities is to show the financial reliance of the City's distinct activities or function on revenues provided by the City's taxpayers.

Both government-wide financial statements distinguish governmental activities of the City that are principally supported by taxes and intergovernmental revenues, such as grants, from business-type activities that are intended to recover all or a significant portion of their costs through user fees and charges. Governmental activities include general government, public safety, justice system, health and human services, community and economic development, and infrastructure and environmental. Business type activities include airports, water utilities, solid waste management, storm water drainage, golf courses, fairgrounds, ground transportation, and parking. The City of Socorro does not operate any business type activities. Fiduciary activities, such as employee pension plans are not included in the government-wide statements since these assets are not available to fund the City. Contributions made by the City to the employee 457 Deferred Compensation Plan are held and administered by a third party.

FUND FINANCIAL STATEMENTS

A fund is an accountability unit used to maintain control over resources segregated for specific activities or objectives. The City uses funds to ensure and demonstrate compliance with finance related laws and regulations.

The City of Socorro's finances are segregated into four primary funds: General Fund, Debt Service Fund, Special Revenue Fund and Capital Projects Fund.

The General Fund reflects revenues and expenditures to provide all the basic City services to the community, such as, Police, General Government, Streets, Public Works and the Community Center.

The Debt Service Fund is utilized to segregate the revenues and expenditures required to pay off debt incurred through the issuance of General Obligation Bonds, Revenue Bonds, Certificates of Obligation, Lease Purchases and other debt instruments.

The Special Revenue Fund is utilized to recognize and segregate revenues derived from grants and payments from other agencies not included in the General Fund.

The Capital Projects Fund is utilized to recognize and segregate those funds, usually from bonds or Certificates of Obligation, that will be used for construction projects, such as for streets or buildings.

NOTES TO THE FINANCIAL STATEMENTS

The accompanying notes to the financial statements provide information essential to a full understanding of the government-wide fund financial statements. The notes to the financial statements follow the financial statements.

FINANCIAL ANALYSIS OF THE CITY AS A WHOLE

As year-to-year financial information is accumulated on a consistent basis, changes in net assets may be observed and used to discuss the changing financial position of the City as a whole.

The City's net assets (total assets less related liabilities) at fiscal year-end 2009 are \$7,840,720 and at fiscal year-end 2008 are \$7,491,834, as restated, reflecting an increase of \$348,886. The increase is primarily the result of increased property tax revenue and sales tax revenue. The tables below summarize the City's total assets, liabilities and net assets at September 30, 2009 and 2008.

Summary of Total Assets:	2009	2008
Cash and cash equivalents Restricted cash Receivables (taxes, grants, other miscellaneous) Capital assets, net of accumulated depreciation Other assets	\$ 4,435,172 4,821,641 915,826 6,242,527 141,749	\$ 4,050,641 1,339,960 990,430 5,095,959 2,631
Total assets	\$ 16,556,915	\$ 11,479,621
Summary of Liabilities:		
Short-term liabilities Long-term liabilities	\$ 1,068,195 7,648,000	\$ 518,126 3,230,735
Total liabilities	\$ 8,716,195	\$ 3,748,861
Summary of Net Assets:		
Invested in capital assets, net of related debt Restricted for debt service Restricted for capital outlay Unrestricted	\$ (1,405,473) (22,312) 3,618,819 5,649,686	\$ 1,865,224 135,833 783,000 4,946,703
Total net assets	\$ 7,840,720	\$ 7,730,760

A large portion of the City's net assets reflects its investments in capital assets (e.g., land, buildings, machinery, equipment, vehicles and infrastructure); less any outstanding related debt used to acquire those assets. The City uses these capital assets to provide services to its citizens; consequently, these assets are not available for future spending. Although the City's investment in capital assets is reported net of related debt, it should be noted that the resources needed to pay this debt must be provided from other sources, since the capital assets themselves cannot be used to liquidate these liabilities. The City had capital asset additions of \$1,619,638, of which the majority was for machinery, equipment and infrastructure. The City recorded \$507,739 in depreciation on its capital assets during FY 2009.

Other indicators of the City's financial position and performance are revenues; program, general and restricted, and budget performance. Comparison of this indicator data as they are accumulated over the years may provide the reader with information of developing trends in the City's financial health.

During fiscal years 2009 and 2008, respectively, the City collected \$6,410,700 and \$6,291,713 in revenues from all sources, while expending \$6,061,814 and \$5,606,543, resulting in a net increase of assets of \$348,886 and \$685,170.

The tables below summarize the years ended September 30, 2009 and 2008 revenues and expenditures for the City.

Program Revenue Summary:		2009		2008
Municipal Court fines and fees	\$	692,917	\$	768,744
Planning and zoning fees		192,302		192,921
Operating grants and contributions	1/1	109,897	_	254,133
Total program revenues	<u>\$</u>	995,116	\$	1,215,798
General Revenue Summary:				
Property taxes- general purpose	\$	2,862,640	\$	2,728,324
Property taxes- debt service		764,458		687,885
Sales tax		1,155,361		956,884
Franchise tax		387,160		390,110
Interest income		93,846		149,887
Miscellaneous income		152,119		162,825
Total general revenue	\$	5,415,584	\$	5,075,915
Expenditures By Function:				
General government	\$	1,137,789	\$	1,253,036
Public works		1,469,610		1,561,072
Municipal Court		430,817		314,264
Public Safety		1,643,439		1,604,789
Planning and zoning		419,941		257,571
Public Health		435,029		334,280
Special Projects		93,015		5,354
Rio Vista Community Center		74,791		79,376
Human Resources		54,228		10,209
Interest on long-term debt		303,155	-	186,592
Total expenditures	\$	6,061,814	\$	5,606,543

The City's annual budget reflects the financial commitment to services and improvements by the governing body. As such, budget performance at the end of the fiscal year may be used as an indicator of the City's progress towards stated goals and objectives. During FY 2009 the City's increase in fund balance was \$430,690 versus a budgeted increase of \$0 in the General Fund. This variance, while high, is reflective of several unforeseeable issues developing during FY 2009, including receiving approximately \$134,315 more in property tax revenue and approximately \$198,477 more in sales tax revenue compared to 2008.

SUMMARY

The City's financial health remains good with sufficient resources to continue current level of service delivery and approximately \$3,619,000 in funds to proceed with infrastructure improvements community wide. Improvements to the accounting system and continuing changes to the City's internal fiscal policies and procedures will further enhance the City's ability to monitor revenues and expenditures as well as promote greater management oversight and control.

The prognosis for continued financial growth in the City is good. The City enjoys steady growth and development in what was a primarily agriculture based economy. With the continued development of farm land to commercial and housing the property tax base will continue to increase. Increases in housing units will bring new families to the City and a concurrent increase in sales by local vendors thus increasing the sales tax rebates to the City. The continuing growth of these two income streams will ensure that the City remains on firm financial ground for the foreseeable future.

Questions concerning this analysis or the financial statements should be directed to Mr. Manny Soto, Interim City Manager at 915-858-2915 or by mail to: City of Socorro, Texas, Attn: City Manager, 124 S. Horizon Blvd., Socorro, Texas 79927.

See accompanying notes to financial statements.

STATEMENT OF NET ASSETS SEPTEMBER 30, 2009

ASSETS:		
Cash and cash equivalents	\$	4,435,172
Restricted cash Accounts receivable - grantors		4,821,641 1,500
Accounts receivable - grantors Accounts receivable - taxes		914,326
Capital assets, net of accumulated depreciation		6,242,527
Other assets		141,749
Total assets	\$	16,556,915
LIABILITIES:		
Accounts payable	\$	502,722
Accrued interest payable		57,941
Accrued expenses		444,517
Accrued compensated absences		63,015
Long-term liabilities: Due within one year		365,439
Due in more than one year		7,282,561
Due in more than one year	_	,,,
Total liabilities	\$	8,716,195
NET ASSETS:		
Invested in capital assets, net of related debt	\$	(1,405,473)
Restricted for debt service		(22,312)
Restricted for capital outlay		3,618,819
Unrestricted	_	5,649,686
Total net assets	\$	7,840,720

STATEMENT OF ACTIVITIES FOR THE YEAR ENDED SEPTEMBER 30, 2009

		Pr	ogram Reveni	1es	
Functions/Programs:	Expenses	Charges for Services Fees and Fines		Capital Grants and Contributions	Net Revenue (Expense)
General government Public works Municipal court Public safety Planning/zoning Public beauth	1,469,610 430,817 1,643,439 419,941	\$ - 692,917 192,302	\$ - - - -	\$ - - - -	\$ (1,137,789) (1,469,610) 262,100 (1,643,439) (227,639) (435,029)
Public health Special projects Rio Vista Community Center Human resources Interest on long-term debt	435,029 93,015 74,791 54,228 303,155		109,897	-	16,882 (74,791) (54,228) (303,155)
General revenues: Taxes: Property taxes, levied for g Property taxes, levied for d Sales taxes Franchise taxes Interest income Miscellaneous	eneral purpos		\$ 109,897	<u>\$</u>	2,862,640 764,458 1,155,361 387,160 93,846 152,119
Total general revenues Change in net assets					5,415,584 348,886
Net assets - beginning of year,	as previously	reported			7,730,760
Restatements					(238,926)
Net assets - beginning of year,	as restated				7,491,834
Net assets, end of year					\$ 7,840,720

BALANCE SHEET - GOVERNMENTAL FUNDS SEPTEMBER 30, 2009

ASSETS:		General Fund		Debt Service Fund		Special Revenue Fund		Capital Projects Fund	G	Total overnmental Funds
Cash and cash equivalents Restricted cash Accounts receivable - Grantors Accounts receivable - Taxes Due from other funds Other assets	\$	4,435,172 - 722,698 4,442,319 2,631	\$	16,169 191,628 608,112	\$	583,875 1,500 2,180,354	\$	4,221,597 - - 6,051,118	\$	4,435,172 4,821,641 1,500 914,326 13,281,903 2,631
Total assets	\$	9,602,820	\$	815,909	\$	2,765,729	\$	10,272,715	\$	23,457,173
LIABILITIES AND FUND BALANCES:										
LIABILITIES: Accounts payable Accrued expenses Due to other funds Deferred revenues	\$	149,070 443,790 3,716,362 679,697	\$	657,994 180,227	\$ -	4,982 727 2,602,321 1,500	\$	348,670 - 6,305,226	\$	502,722 444,517 13,281,903 861,424
Total liabilities	_	4,988,919	_	838,221	_	2,609,530	_	6,653,896	-	15,090,566
FUND BALANCES: Reserved for: Principal and interest payments		2		(22,312)		-		_		(22,312)
Capital outlays		= -		-				3,618,819		3,618,819
Unreserved	_	4,613,901	-	::::::::::::::::::::::::::::::::::::::	-	156,199	_		-	4,770,100
Total fund balances		4,613,901	_	(22,312)		156,199	_	3,618,819	_	8,366,607
Total liabilities and fund balances	\$	9,602,820	\$	815,909	\$	2,765,729	\$	10,272,715	\$	23,457,173

RECONCILIATION OF THE BALANCE SHEET OF GOVERNMENTAL FUNDS TO THE STATEMENT OF NET ASSETS SEPTEMBER 30, 2009

Total fund balances	\$	8,366,607
Amounts reported in the statement of net assets are different because:		
Capital assets of \$14,037,430 accumulated depreciation of \$(7,794,903), are not financial resources and, therefore, are not reported in the funds. See Note 4 for additional detail.		6,242,527
Interest on long-term debt is not accrued in governmental funds, but rather is recognized as an expenditure when due.		(57,941)
Deferred revenues are not available to pay current-period expenditures and, therefore, are deferred in the funds. These are the deferred property taxes of \$859,924 and deferred grant revenue of \$1,500.		861,424
Long-term liabilities of \$(7,648,000) are not due and payable in the current period and are not reported in the funds. See Note 6 for detail. Other related amounts include unamortized bond discount of \$139,118 and compensated absences payable of \$(63,015).	_	(7,571,897)
Net assets of governmental activities	\$	7,840,720

STATEMENT OF REVENUES, EXPENDITURES, AND CHANGES IN FUND BALANCES - GOVERNMENTAL FUNDS

FOR THE YEAR ENDED SEPTEMBER 30, 2009

Property taxes		General Fund	Debt Service Fund	Special Revenue Fund	Capital Projects Fund	Total Governmental Funds
Sales taxes 1,155,361 - 1,387,160 Franchise taxes 387,160 387,160 Flanning and zoning fees 192,302 692,917 Interest income 46,912 - 36 46,898 93,846 Grants - 206,909 - 206,909 Other income 134,553 - 35,878 - 170,431 Total revenues 5,450,886 745,168 242,823 46,898 6,485,775 EXPENDITURES: General government 1,083,133 2,104 22,969 146,319 1,254,525 Public works 947,066 - 20,201 1,759,361 2,726,528 Municipal court 409,230 - 20,799 - 430,029 Public safety 1,560,599 - 10,193 - 1,570,792 Planning/zoning 406,530 406,530 Public health 434,877 444,877 Special projects 59,140 - 34,026 - 93,166 Rio Vista Community Center 65,393 65,393 Human resources 54,228 582,734 Human resources 54,228 5,000,000 Total expenditures 430,690 (158,145) 134,635 (1,858,782) (1,451,602) OTHER FINANCING SOURCES: Bonds proceeds Net change in fund balances 430,690 (158,145) 134,635 (1,858,782) (1,451,602) Fund balances - beginning of year, as previously reported 4,373,236 135,833 20,383 527,683 5,057,135 Fund balances - beginning of year, as previously reported 4,373,236 135,833 20,383 527,683 5,057,135 Fund balances - beginning of year, as previously reported 4,373,236 135,833 20,383 527,683 5,057,135 Fund balances - beginning of year, as previously reported 4,373,236 135,833 20,383 527,683 5,057,135 Fund balances - beginning of year, as previously reported 4,373,236 135,833 20,383 527,683 5,057,135 Fund balances - beginning of year, as previously reported 4,373,236 135,833 20,383 527,683 5,057,135 Fund balances - beginning of year, as previously reported 4,183,211 135,833 21,564 477,601 4,818,209	REVENUES:	¢ 2041 601	¢ 7/5/169	¢ _	\$ -	\$ 3 586 849
Franchise taxes 387,160 - - 387,160 Planning and zoning fees 192,302 - - 192,302 Fines 692,917 - - - 692,917 Interest income 46,912 - 36 46,898 93,846 Grants - 206,909 - 206,909 - 206,909 Other income 134,553 - 35,878 - 170,431 Total revenues 5,450,886 745,168 242,823 46,898 6,485,775 EXPENDITURES: Content of the content of		, .	\$ 743,106	Φ # ~	ψ - -	
Planning and zoning fees 692,917 - 192,302 Fines 692,917 - 7692,917 Interest income 46,912 - 36 46,898 93,846 Grants - 200,909 - 206,909 Other income 134,553 - 35,878 - 170,431 Total revenues 5,450,886 745,168 242,823 46,898 6,485,775 EXPENDITURES: General government 1,083,133 2,104 22,969 146,319 1,254,525 Public works 947,066 - 20,201 1,759,361 2,726,628 Municipal court 409,230 - 20,799 - 430,029 Public safety 1,560,599 - 10,193 - 1,570,792 Planning/zoning 406,530 406,530 Public health 434,877 434,877 Special projects 59,140 - 34,026 - 93,166 Rio Vista Community Center 65,393 406,539 Human resources 54,228 582,734 Interest payments - 582,734 - 582,734 Interest payments - 582,734 582,734 Interest payments - 582,734 Interest payments - 582,734 58			: * 2		_	
Fines 692,917 - 692,917 - 692,917 - 692,917 - 692,917 Interest income 46,912 - 36 46,898 93,846 Grants - 206,909 - 2		•		_	-	
Interest income			: * 0.	_	-	
Grants - 206,909 - 206,909 Other income 134,553 - 35,878 - 170,431 Total revenues 5,450,886 745,168 242,823 46,898 6,485,775 EXPENDITURES: General government 1,083,133 2,104 22,969 146,319 1,254,525 Public works 947,066 - 20,201 1,759,361 2,726,628 Municipal court 409,230 - 20,209 1 450,029 Public safety 1,560,599 - 10,193 - 1,570,792 Planning/zoning 406,530 - - - 406,530 Public health 434,877 - - 434,877 Special projects 59,140 - 34,026 - 93,166 Rio Vista Community Center 65,393 - - 56,393 Human resources 54,228 - - 582,734 - - 582,734 Interest payments			:#:	36	46 898	
Other income 134,553 - 35,878 - 170,431 Total revenues 5,450,886 745,168 242,823 46,898 6,485,775 EXPENDITURES:		40,912			-	
Total revenues 5,450,886 745,168 242,823 46,898 6,485,775 EXPENDITURES: General government 1,083,133 2,104 22,969 146,319 1,254,525 Public works 947,066 - 20,201 1,759,361 2,726,628 Municipal court 409,230 - 20,799 - 430,029 Public safety 1,560,599 - 10,193 - 1,570,792 Planning/zoning 406,530 406,530 Public health 434,877 434,877 Special projects 59,140 - 34,026 - 93,166 Rio Vista Community Center 65,393 65,393 Human resources 54,228 54,228 Principal payments - 582,734 542,228 Principal payments - 582,734 582,734 Interest payments - 582,734 318,475 Total expenditures 5,020,196 903,313 108,188 1,905,680 7,937,377 Excess (deficiency) of revenues over (under) expenditures 430,690 (158,145) 134,635 (1,858,782) (1,451,602) OTHER FINANCING SOURCES: Bonds proceeds 5,000,000 5,000,000 Net change in fund balances 430,690 (158,145) 134,635 3,141,218 3,548,398 Fund balances - beginning of year, as previously reported 4,373,236 135,833 20,383 527,683 5,057,135 Fund balances - restatement (190,025) - 1,181 (50,082) (238,926)		13/1 553	1-2		÷	The support of the state of
EXPENDITURES: General government Public works 947,066 - 20,201 1,759,361 2,726,628 Municipal court 409,230 - 20,799 - 430,029 Public safety 1,560,599 - 10,193 - 1,570,792 Planning/zoning 406,530	Other income			33,070		,
General government	Total revenues	5,450,886	745,168	242,823	46,898	6,485,775
Public works 947,066 - 20,201 1,759,361 2,726,628 Municipal court 409,230 - 20,799 - 430,029 Public safety 1,560,599 - 10,193 - 1,570,792 Planning/zoning 406,530 406,530 Public health 434,877 434,877 Special projects 59,140 - 34,026 - 93,166 Rio Vista Community Center 65,393 65,393 Human resources 54,228 54,228 Principal payments - 582,734 - 582,734 Interest payments - 582,734 - 582,734 Interest payments - 318,475 318,475 Total expenditures 5,020,196 903,313 108,188 1,905,680 7,937,377 Excess (deficiency) of revenues over (under) expenditures 430,690 (158,145) 134,635 (1,858,782) (1,451,602) OTHER FINANCING SOURCES: Bonds proceeds 5,000,000 5,000,000 Net change in fund balances 430,690 (158,145) 134,635 3,141,218 3,548,398 Fund balances - beginning of year, as previously reported 4,373,236 135,833 20,383 527,683 5,057,135 Fund balances - restatement (190,025) - 1,181 (50,082) (238,926) Fund balances - beginning of year, restated 4,183,211 135,833 21,564 477,601 4,818,209	EXPENDITURES:					
Municipal court 409,230 - 20,799 - 430,029 Public safety 1,560,599 - 10,193 - 1,570,792 Planning/zoning 406,530 406,530 Public health 434,877 434,877 Special projects 59,140 - 34,026 - 93,166 Rio Vista Community Center 65,393 56,393 Human resources 54,228 582,734 Interest payments - 582,734 - 582,734 Interest payments - 582,734 - 582,734 Interest payments - 318,475 3118,475 Total expenditures 5,020,196 903,313 108,188 1,905,680 7,937,377 Excess (deficiency) of revenues over (under) expenditures 430,690 (158,145) 134,635 (1,858,782) (1,451,602) OTHER FINANCING SOURCES: Bonds proceeds 5,000,000 5,000,000 Net change in fund balances 430,690 (158,145) 134,635 3,141,218 3,548,398 Fund balances - beginning of year, as previously reported 4,373,236 135,833 20,383 527,683 5,057,135 Fund balances - restatement (190,025) - 1,181 (50,082) (238,926) Fund balances - beginning of year, restated 4,183,211 135,833 21,564 477,601 4,818,209	General government	1,083,133	2,104			
Public safety 1,560,599 - 10,193 - 1,570,792 Planning/zoning 406,530 406,530 Public health 434,877 434,877 Special projects 59,140 - 34,026 - 93,166 Rio Vista Community Center 65,393 65,393 Human resources 54,228 582,734 Interest payments - 582,734 - 582,734 Interest payments - 318,475 318,475 Total expenditures 5,020,196 903,313 108,188 1,905,680 7,937,377 Excess (deficiency) of revenues over (under) expenditures 430,690 (158,145) 134,635 (1,858,782) (1,451,602) OTHER FINANCING SOURCES: Bonds proceeds 5,000,000 5,000,000 Net change in fund balances 430,690 (158,145) 134,635 3,141,218 3,548,398 Fund balances - beginning of year, as previously reported 4,373,236 135,833 20,383 527,683 5,057,135 Fund balances - restatement (190,025) - 1,181 (50,082) (238,926) Fund balances - beginning of year, restated 4,183,211 135,833 21,564 477,601 4,818,209	Public works	947,066	()		1,759,361	, ,
Planning/zoning 406,530 - - 406,530 Public health 434,877 - - 434,877 Special projects 59,140 - 34,026 - 93,166 Rio Vista Community Center 65,393 - - - 65,393 Human resources 54,228 - - - 54,228 Principal payments - 582,734 - - 582,734 Interest payments - 318,475 - - 582,734 Interest payments - 318,475 - - 318,475 Total expenditures 5,020,196 903,313 108,188 1,905,680 7,937,377 Excess (deficiency) of revenues over (under) expenditures 430,690 (158,145) 134,635 (1,858,782) (1,451,602) OTHER FINANCING SOURCES: Bonds proceeds - - - - 5,000,000 5,000,000 Net change in fund balances 430,690 (158,145) 134,635 3,141,218 3,5	Municipal court	409,230		· ·	=	
Public health	Public safety	1,560,599		10,193	~	
Special projects 59,140 - 34,026 - 93,166 Rio Vista Community Center 65,393 65,393 Human resources 54,228 54,228 Principal payments - 582,734 - 582,734 Interest payments - 318,475 - 318,475 Total expenditures 5,020,196 903,313 108,188 1,905,680 7,937,377 Excess (deficiency) of revenues over (under) expenditures 430,690 (158,145) 134,635 (1,858,782) (1,451,602) OTHER FINANCING SOURCES: Bonds proceeds 5,000,000 5,000,000 Net change in fund balances 430,690 (158,145) 134,635 3,141,218 3,548,398 Fund balances - beginning of year, as previously reported 4,373,236 135,833 20,383 527,683 5,057,135 Fund balances - restatement (190,025) - 1,181 (50,082) (238,926) Fund balances - beginning of year, restated 4,183,211 135,833 21,564 477,601 4,818,209	Planning/zoning	406,530		₩.	~	
Rio Vista Community Center Rio Vista Community Center 65,393 65,393 Human resources 54,228 Principal payments - 582,734 582,734 Interest payments - 318,475 Total expenditures 5,020,196 903,313 108,188 1,905,680 7,937,377 Excess (deficiency) of revenues over (under) expenditures 430,690 (158,145) 134,635 (1,858,782) (1,451,602) OTHER FINANCING SOURCES: Bonds proceeds 5,000,000 Net change in fund balances 430,690 (158,145) 134,635 3,141,218 3,548,398 Fund balances - beginning of year, as previously reported Fund balances - restatement (190,025) Fund balances - beginning of year, restated 4,183,211 135,833 21,564 477,601 4,818,209	Public health	434,877	S=1	•	<u>=</u>	,
Human resources 54,228 582,734 - 582,734 Interest payments - 582,734 - 582,734 Interest payments - 5,020,196 903,313 108,188 1,905,680 7,937,377 Excess (deficiency) of revenues over (under) expenditures 430,690 (158,145) 134,635 (1,858,782) (1,451,602) OTHER FINANCING SOURCES: Bonds proceeds 5,000,000 5,000,000 Net change in fund balances 430,690 (158,145) 134,635 3,141,218 3,548,398 Fund balances - beginning of year, as previously reported 4,373,236 135,833 20,383 527,683 5,057,135 Fund balances - restatement (190,025) - 1,181 (50,082) (238,926) Fund balances - beginning of year, restated 4,183,211 135,833 21,564 477,601 4,818,209	Special projects	59,140		34,026	<u>u</u>	
Principal payments	Rio Vista Community Center	65,393		*	=	· ·
Interest payments	Human resources	54,228	-	-	24 1	· ·
Interest payments	Principal payments		582,734	-	≆S.	
Excess (deficiency) of revenues over (under) expenditures			318,475	- (<u>-</u>		318,475
over (under) expenditures 430,690 (158,145) 134,635 (1,858,782) (1,451,602) OTHER FINANCING SOURCES: Bonds proceeds - - - 5,000,000 5,000,000 Net change in fund balances 430,690 (158,145) 134,635 3,141,218 3,548,398 Fund balances - beginning of year, as previously reported 4,373,236 135,833 20,383 527,683 5,057,135 Fund balances - restatement (190,025) - 1,181 (50,082) (238,926) Fund balances - beginning of year, restated 4,183,211 135,833 21,564 477,601 4,818,209	Total expenditures	5,020,196	903,313	108,188	1,905,680	7,937,377
Bonds proceeds - - 5,000,000 5,000,000 Net change in fund balances 430,690 (158,145) 134,635 3,141,218 3,548,398 Fund balances - beginning of year, as previously reported 4,373,236 135,833 20,383 527,683 5,057,135 Fund balances - restatement (190,025) - 1,181 (50,082) (238,926) Fund balances - beginning of year, restated 4,183,211 135,833 21,564 477,601 4,818,209		430,690	(158,145	134,635	(1,858,782)	(1,451,602)
Net change in fund balances 430,690 (158,145) 134,635 3,141,218 3,548,398 Fund balances - beginning of year, as previously reported 4,373,236 135,833 20,383 527,683 5,057,135 Fund balances - restatement (190,025) - 1,181 (50,082) (238,926) Fund balances - beginning of year, restated 4,183,211 135,833 21,564 477,601 4,818,209	OTHER FINANCING SOURCES:					# 000 000
Fund balances - beginning of year, as previously reported (190,025) - 1,181 (50,082) (238,926) Fund balances - beginning of year, restated 4,183,211 135,833 21,564 477,601 4,818,209	Bonds proceeds		-	9 <u>2</u>	5,000,000	5,000,000
as previously reported 4,373,236 135,833 20,383 527,683 5,057,135 Fund balances - restatement (190,025) - 1,181 (50,082) (238,926) Fund balances - beginning of year, restated 4,183,211 135,833 21,564 477,601 4,818,209	Net change in fund balances	430,690	(158,145	134,635	3,141,218	3,548,398
restated 4,183,211 135,833 21,564 477,601 4,818,209	as previously reported	KONTON AND AND AND AND AND AND AND AND AND AN	135,833			
restated 4,183,211 135,833 21,564 477,601 4,818,209					10	
Fund balances end of year \$ 4.613.901 \$ (22.312) \$ 156,199 \$ 3,618,819 \$ 8,366,607		4,183,211	135,833	21,564	477,601	4,818,209
1 4110 Calabitatory City City City City City City City Cit	Fund balances, end of year	\$ 4,613,901	\$ (22,312	\$ 156,199	\$ 3,618,819	\$ 8,366,607

RECONCILIATION OF THE STATEMENT OF REVENUES, EXPENDITURES, AND CHANGES IN FUND BALANCES OF GOVERNMENTAL FUNDS TO THE STATEMENT OF ACTIVITIES

FOR THE YEAR ENDED SEPTEMBER 30, 2009

Net change in fund balances	\$ 3,548,398
Amounts reported in the statement of activities are different because:	
Governmental funds report capital outlays as expenditures. However, in the statement of activities, the cost of those assets is allocated over their estimated useful lives and reported as depreciation expense. This is the amount by which capital outlays of \$1,654,307 exceeded depreciation of \$(507,739) in the current period.	1,146,568
Because some property taxes will not be collected for several months after the City's fiscal year ends, they are not considered "available" revenues in the governmental funds. Similarly other revenues are not currently available at year-end and are not reported as revenue in the governmental funds. This is the change in deferred property taxes of \$40,249 and deferred grant revenue of \$(115,324).	(75,075)
Accrued compensated absences are not reported in the governmental funds, but are reported in the statement of net assets. This is the change in accrued compensated absences.	(8,179)
Interest expense in the statement of activities differs from the amount reported in governmental funds because additional interest was calculated for certificates of obligation and notes payable.	15,320
The proceeds of debt issuances provide current financial resources to governmental funds, but issuing debt increases long-term liabilities in the statement of net assets. Repayment of debt principal is reported as an expenditure in the governmental funds because current financial resources are used and, thus, reduce the fund balance. However, principal repayments reduce long-term liabilities in the statement of net assets and do not result as an expense on the statement of activities. This is the amount by which debt proceeds of \$(5,000,000) minus discount of \$38,448, net of amortization of \$(1,922), less issuance costs of \$107,994, net of amortization of \$(5,400), exceeded principal payments of \$582,734.	(4,278,146)
Change in net assets of governmental activities	\$ 348,886

NOTES TO FINANCIAL STATEMENTS AS OF AND FOR THE YEAR ENDED SEPTEMBER 30, 2009

1. SUMMARY OF SIGNIFICANT ACCOUNTING POLICIES

This summary of significant accounting policies of the City of Socorro, Texas (the "City"), is presented to assist in understanding the City's financial statements. The financial statements and notes are representations of the City's management, who is responsible for their integrity and objectivity.

The City of Socorro, Texas is a Home Rule City with five council members, and a Mayor. The Mayor and one council member are elected at large and the remaining four council members are elected in single-member districts. By ordinance, the City is required to have a City Manager. The City provides general services, public safety, public works, public health, and community development.

Reporting Entity—The financial statements of the City consist of only the funds and account groups of the City. The City has no oversight responsibility over any other governmental entity, since no other entities are considered to be controlled by or dependent on the City. Control or dependence is determined on the basis of budget adoption, taxing authority, funding and appointment of the respective governing board.

Government-Wide and Fund Financial Statements—The statement of net assets and the statement of activities report information on all of the activities of the City. There are no business-type activities conducted by the City. All activities of the City are governmental in nature and are financed through taxes, and other non-exchange transactions.

The statement of activities demonstrates the degree to which the direct expenses of a given function or segment are offset by program revenues. Direct expenses are those that are clearly identifiable with a specific function or segment. Program revenues include charges to customers or applicants who purchase, use or directly benefit from goods, services, or privileges provided by a given function or segment, and grants and contributions that are restricted to meeting the operational or capital requirements of a particular function or segment. Other items not included among program revenues are reported instead as general revenues.

Major individual governmental funds are reported as separate columns in the fund financial statements. The City has four governmental funds.

Measurement Focus, Basis of Accounting, and Financial Statement Presentation—The government-wide financial statements are reported using the economic resources measurement focus and the accrual basis of accounting, generally including the reclassification or elimination of internal activity (between or within funds). Revenues are recorded when earned and expenses are recorded when a liability is incurred, regardless of the timing of related cash flows. Grants and similar items are recognized as revenue as soon as all eligibility requirements imposed by the provider have been met. Property tax revenues are recognized in the year for which they are levied.

Governmental fund financial statements are reported using the current financial resources measurement focus and the modified accrual basis of accounting. Revenues are recognized as soon as they are both measurable and available. Revenues are considered to be available when they are collectible within the current period or soon enough thereafter to pay liabilities of the current period. For this purpose, the City considers revenues to be available if they are collected within 60 days of the end of the current fiscal year. Expenditures generally are recorded when a liability is incurred, as under accrual accounting.

Grants and entitlements and interest associated with the current fiscal period are all considered being susceptible to accrual and so have been recognized as revenues of the current fiscal period. All other revenue items are considered measurable and available only when the City receives cash.

When both restricted and unrestricted resources are available for use, it is the City's policy to use restricted resources first, and then unrestricted resources as needed.

Fund Accounting—The City's accounting system is operated on a fund basis. A fund is an independent accounting entity with a self-balancing set of accounts for recording its assets, liabilities, revenues, expenditures, and fund balances. The various funds are for the purpose of carrying on specific activities or to obtain certain objectives. The various funds are grouped by type in the financial statements. The City uses the following fund types:

Governmental Fund Types:

General Fund—The General Fund is the general operating fund of the City. It is used to account for all financial resources, except those accounted for in another fund.

Debt Service Fund—The Debt Service Fund is used to account for the accumulation of resources for, and the payment of, long-term debt, including capital lease obligations, principal, interest, and related costs. Funds required to service current year bond obligations are supplemented by current year property tax collections and interfund transfers.

Special Revenue Fund—The Special Revenue Fund is used to account for the expenditures of revenues that have been restricted to specific programs or projects in contract agreements, including community development. Contract revenue is recognized when compliance with the various contract requirements is achieved. Usually this occurs at the time expenditures are made and the contract matching requirements are met. Contract revenues received before the revenue recognition has been met are reported as deferred revenue, a liability account. When the revenue recognition has been met, contract revenue not yet received is reported as accounts receivable.

Capital Projects Fund—The Capital Projects Fund is used to account for major projects, such as infrastructure, including streets, street improvements, and parks, financed with the proceeds of bond issues.

Budgets and Budgetary Accounting—The City is required by the Texas Constitution to adopt an annual balanced budget. The City Council officially adopts the annual budget ordinance and all project ordinances and has the authority to amend such ordinances. All budgets are prepared on the modified accrual basis of accounting as required by Texas Law.

Cash, Restricted Cash and Investments—Funds on deposit were maintained in non-interest bearing and interest bearing accounts and secured at the balance sheet date by the Federal Deposit Insurance Corporation and U.S. Government Securities.

Statutes authorize the City to invest in Certificates of Deposit, repurchase agreements, passbook, bankers' acceptances, and other available bank investments, provided that approved securities are pledged in an amount equal to 102% of the amount of funds on deposit.

For presentation in the financial statements, investments with an original maturity of three months or less, at the time they are purchased by the City, are considered to be cash equivalents. Investments with an original maturity of more than three months are reported as investments. Investments are recorded at fair value, which is based on quoted market prices.

Restricted cash represents certain unexpended long-term debt funding restricted for specific capital projects and special revenue projects.

Receivables and payables—Activity between funds that is representative of lending/borrowing arrangements outstanding at the end of the fiscal year is referred to as either "due to/from other funds." Advances between funds, as reported in the fund financial statements, are offset by a fund balance reserve account in applicable government funds to indicate that they are not available for appropriation and are not expendable financial resources. All accounts and other receivables are shown net of an allowance for uncollectibles.

Allowance for Uncollectible Accounts—The City periodically evaluates the collectibility of its accounts receivable. An allowance is set up for some accounts which the City believes may be collectible over time. Accounts deemed uncollectible are written off at that time. The City has not experienced any significant losses from uncollectible accounts.

Capital Assets—General capital assets generally result from expenditures in the governmental funds. These assets are reported in the government-wide statement of net assets, but are not reported in the fund financial statements.

All capital assets are capitalized at cost (or estimated historical cost) and updated for additions and retirements during the year. Depreciation is determined using the straight-line method over the estimated lives of the assets. The City maintains a capitalization threshold of \$5,000. The City maintains infrastructure asset records consistent with all other capital assets. Infrastructure is capitalized upon completion of construction. Improvements are also capitalized. The cost of normal maintenance and repairs that do not add to the value of the asset or materially extend the asset's life are not capitalized. When capital assets are disposed of, the cost and applicable accumulated depreciation are removed from the respective accounts, and the resulting gain or loss is recorded in operations.

Estimated useful lives, in years, for depreciable assets are as	follows:
Building and improvements	39-40
Machinery and equipment	5
Vehicles	5
Office furniture and equipment	5-7
Software	3
Infrastructure	22-68
Leasehold improvements	39

Long-Term Obligations—In the government-wide financial statements, long-term debt and other long-term obligations are reported as liabilities in the statement of net assets.

Reservations of Fund Balances—The City records reservations for portions of fund balances which are designated for specific future use or which do not represent available expendable resources and, therefore, are not available for appropriations or expenditure in the governmental balance sheet. Unreserved fund balance indicates that portion of fund balance which is available for appropriations in future periods. Fund balance reserves have been established for future capital outlays, principal repayments, and interest expense.

Net Assets—Net assets present the difference between assets and liabilities in the statement of net assets. Net assets invested in capital assets are reduced by the outstanding balances of any borrowing used for the acquisition, construction or improvement of those assets. Net assets are reported as restricted when there are legal limitations imposed on their use by City legislation or external restrictions by creditors, grantors, laws or regulations of other governments.

Use of Estimates—The preparation of financial statements in conformity with generally accepted accounting principles requires management to make estimates and assumptions that affect the amounts reported in the financial statements and accompanying notes. Actual results may differ from those estimates.

Deferred Revenues—The City reports unearned deferred revenue in the governmental fund balance sheet. Deferred and unearned revenue arises when potential revenue does not meet both the measurable and available criteria for recognition in the current period. In general, monies received within 60 days after year-end are considered to have been for prior services.

Revenues-Exchange and Non-Exchange Transactions—Revenue resulting from exchange transactions, in which each party gives and receives equal value, is recorded on the accrual basis when the exchange takes place. On a modified accrual basis, revenue is recorded in the fiscal year in which the resources are measurable and become available. Available means that the resources will be collected within the current fiscal year or are expected to be collected soon enough thereafter to be used to pay liabilities of the current fiscal year. For the City, available means expected to be received within 60 days of fiscal year-end. Under the modified accrual basis, interest and charges for services are considered to be both measurable and available at fiscal year-end.

Non-exchange transactions, in which the City receives value without directly giving value in return, include grants and donations. On an accrual basis, revenue from grants and donations is recognized in the fiscal year in which all eligibility requirements have been satisfied. Eligibility requirements include timing requirements, which specify the year when the resources are required to be used or the fiscal year when use is first permitted, matching requirements, in which the City must provide local resources to be used for a specific purpose, and expenditure requirements, in which the resources are provided by the City on a reimbursement basis. On a modified accrual basis, revenue from non-exchange transactions must be available before it can be recognized.

Expenses/Expenditures—On an accrual basis of accounting, expenses are recognized at the time they are incurred. The measurement focus of governmental fund accounting is on decreases in net financial resources (expenditures) rather than expenses. Expenditures are generally recognized in the accounting period in which the related fund liability is incurred, if measurable.

Analysis of impairment—Management reviews long-lived assets for impairment whenever events or changes in circumstances indicate that the carrying amount of an asset may not be recoverable. Impairment is determined based upon a comparison of future cash flows to the recorded value of the assets. Impairment losses are measures based upon the fair value of the impaired assets. No such impairment losses were recorded during the year ended September 30, 2009.

New Government Accounting Standards—In February 2009, the Governmental Accounting Standards Board (GASB) issued GASB Statement No. 54, Fund Balance Reporting and Governmental Fund Type Definitions which is effective for financial statements for periods beginning after June 15, 2010, with earlier application encouraged. The Statement establishes the fund balance classifications for governmental funds. The City is analyzing the effect that this statement will have on its financial statements, and currently believes it will have no significant effect on the financial statements for the upcoming year.

In March 2009, the Governmental Accounting Standards Board (GASB) issued GASB Statement No. 55, The Hierarchy of Generally Accepted Accounting Principles for State and Local Governments, which is effective upon its issuance. The objective of this Statement is to incorporate the hierarchy of generally accepted accounting principles (GAAP) for state and local governments into the GASB authoritative literature. The City incorporated this statement for the current fiscal year, and believes it had no significant effect on the financial statements for the year.

In March 2009, the Governmental Accounting Standards Board (GASB) issued GASB Statement No. 56, Codification of Accounting and Financial Reporting Guidance Contained in the AICPA Statements on Auditing Standards, which is effective upon its issuance. This Statement establishes accounting and financial reporting standards for related party transactions, subsequent events, and going concern considerations. The City incorporated this statement for the current fiscal year, and believes it had no significant effect on the financial statements for the year.

2. DEPOSITS AND INVESTMENTS

Cash and deposits—Cash and deposits consist of the items reported below at September 30, 2009:

Bank deposits:	
General Fund	\$ 4,348,044
Debt Service Fund	16,169
Special Revenue Fund	583,875
Capital Projects Fund	4,221,597
Total Cash and Deposits	\$ 9,169,685
Type of Security	Market Value
••	
Total cash and deposits	\$ 9,169,685
••	
Total cash and deposits	\$ 9,169,685

As of September 30, 2009, the City had the following cash equivalents:

Investment	Weighted Average Maturity	Fair Value
LOGIC	56 days	\$ 87,128

Interest Rate Risk—In accordance with state law, the City does not purchase any investments with maturities greater than two years.

Credit Risk—In accordance with state law, investments in investment pools must be rated at least AAA by at least one nationally recognized rating service.

Custodial Credit Risk - Deposits—For a deposit or investment, custodial credit risk is the risk that, in the event of a the failure of the counterparty, the City will not be able to recover the value of the investments or collateral securities that are in the possession of an outside party. The City's deposit policy for custodial credit risk requires all deposits in excess of \$100,000 to be 102% collateralized by obligations of the United States or its agents or instrumentalities. At September 30, 2009, the carrying amount of the City's deposits was \$9,169,685 and bank balances equaled \$937,308. Bank balances of \$250,000 are covered by federal depository insurance. Bank balances in excess of the federal depository insurance were collateralized with securities held by the pledging financial institution's trust department or agent in the City's name in the amount of approximately \$8,486,007 as of September 30, 2009.

Investment Policy—The City's investment policy allows for investments in obligations of the United States, its agencies and instrumentalities; certificates of deposits issued by state or national banks domiciled in the state of Texas, fully collateralized direct repurchase agreements with defined termination dates; money market mutual funds that are registered and regulated by the Securities and Exchange Commission, have dollar weighted average stated maturity of 90 days or less, rated AAA by at least one nationally recognized rating service and seek to maintain a net assets value of \$1 per share; and local government investment pools as allowed by the Texas Public Funds Investment Act.

LOGIC is a AAA rated investment program tailored to meet the needs of local governments in Texas. LOGIC is not registered with the Securities and Exchange Commission (SEC) as an investment company. LOGIC securities are authorized in accordance with the Texas Public Funds Investment Act. The fair value of the position in LOGIC is the same as the value of the shares in the pool. Participation in LOGIC is voluntary.

3. RECEIVABLES, UNCOLLECTIBLE ACCOUNTS, AND DEFERRED REVENUE

Grant and Other Receivables and Uncollectible Accounts—Significant receivables include amounts due from grantors for expenditure reimbursements. These receivables are due within one year and expected to be fully collectible. Related amounts are shown as follows.

	Gross	Allowar	ice	Net		
Grant receivables	\$ 1,500	\$	<u> </u>	1,500		

Property Taxes Receivables, Deferred Revenue, and Property Tax Calendar—Property taxes are levied September 1, in conformity with the Texas Property Tax Code. The certified tax roll from the El Paso Central Appraisal District reflected a taxable value of \$717,836,106 for the year ended September 30, 2009. Taxes are due on receipt of the tax bill and are delinquent if not paid by January 31, of the year following in which levied. On January 1, of each year, a tax lien attaches to property to secure the payment of tax revenues, penalties, and interest ultimately imposed. The City's total 2008-2009 tax rates were \$.497757, per \$100 of assessed valuation. The City incurred expenditures of \$54,259 for the services provided by El Paso Central Appraisal District for the year ended September 30, 2009.

In the governmental-wide financial statements, property taxes receivable and related revenue include all amounts due to the City, regardless of when cash is received. Over time, substantially all property taxes are collected. In governmental fund financial statements, property tax revenues are considered available when they become due or past due and receivable within the current period. The City considers taxes as available if they are collected within 60 days after fiscal year-end. The remaining taxes are analyzed and an allowance provision is established to the extent that their collectibility is improbable. Included in deferred revenue reported in the governmental fund balance sheet at September 30, 2009 is \$859,924 of deferred property tax revenue.

4. CAPITAL ASSETS

Changes in Capital Assets—Capital assets activity for the year ended September 30, 2009, was as follows:

as follows.	Beginning Balance	Additions	Retirements/ Transfers	Ending Balance		
Capital assets not being depreciated: Land	\$ 667,68	5 \$ 34,669	\$	\$ 702,354		
Capital assets being depreciated:						
Buildings and improvements	758,15	0 55,636	(66,484)	747,302		
Machinery and equipment	725,00	4 490,649	-	1,215,653		
Vehicles	1,137,88	3 💌	=	1,137,883		
Office furniture and equipment	153,90	7 =	=	153,907		
Software	49,20	3 6,175	-	55,378		
Infrastructure	8,683,97	4 1,067,178	66,484	9,817,636		
Leasehold improvements	207,31	7		207,317		
Total conital access being						
Total capital assets being depreciated at historical cost	11,715,43	8 1,619,638	<u> </u>	13,335,076		
depreciated at historical cost	11,715,45	1,012,030				
Less accumulated depreciation for:				(211 (70)		
Buildings and improvements	(282,20			(311,678)		
Machinery and equipment	(487,46			(624,000)		
Vehicles	(834,01	,		(919,337)		
Office furniture and equipment	(127,00			(138,614)		
Software	(37,03			(45,868)		
Infrastructure	(5,477,19			(5,705,332)		
Leasehold improvements	(42,26	(7,813)	<u> </u>	(50,074)		
Total accumulated depreciation	(7,287,16	(507,739	<u> </u>	(7,794,903)		
Other capital assets, net	4,428,27	1,111,899	+); ====================================	5,540,173		
Governmental Activities						
Capital Assets, Net	\$ 5,095,95	59 \$ 1,146,568	\$ -	\$ 6,242,527		

Depreciation Expense—Depreciation expense was charged to functions of the government as follows, for the year ended September 30, 2009:

General government	\$	20,886
Public works		389,348
Municipal court		6,480
Public safety		69,237
Planning/zoning		12,613
Rio Vista Community Center	-	9,175
•		
	\$	507,739

5. ACCRUED COMPENSATED ABSENCES

The City's leave policy allows employees to accumulate sick leave and vacation leave. Upon termination, any accumulated vacation will be paid to the employee. Accumulated sick leave is not paid upon termination, but rather, only upon illness while in the employment of the City. As of September 30, 2009, employees had approximately 5,186 hours of accumulated vacation leave, totaling \$63,015.

6. LONG-TERM LIABILITIES

Notes Payable—Notes payable were issued to pay for street improvements at a cost of \$851,000 which are collateralized by a % of sales and ad valorem taxes. The notes payable are charged interest at 3.8% to 5.0% and mature in 2014. The debt service for notes payable is as follows:

Year Ending	Notes Payable						
September 30:	P	rincipal	Interest				
2010	\$	59,039	\$	12,103			
2011		61,283		9,860			
2012		63,611		7,531			
2013		66,029		5,114			
2014		68,538		2,604			
Totals	\$	318,500	\$	37,212			

Operating Leases—The City has entered into an operating lease for land for \$6,000 per year through 2012. The City has also entered into an operating lease for a copier for \$228 per month. During the year ended September 30, 2009, rental payments under such leases totaled \$6,228.

The following is a schedule of future minimum lease payments as of September 30, 2009:

Year Ending September 30:	Operating Leases
2010	\$ 6,684
2011	6,684
2012	6,000
Totals	\$ 19,368

Certificates of Obligations—In 1999, the City issued General Obligation Refunding Bonds, Series 1999. The proceeds of the Series 1999 bonds were used to refund a portion of the City's outstanding debt, including all of the maturities of the Series 1993 bonds and to pay the costs of issuing the Series 1999 bonds. The purpose of such refunding was to lower overall debt services requirements related to the Refunded Obligations. The Series 1999 bonds are dated June 1, 1999. Interest on the bonds, with a floor of 4.35% and a ceiling of 5.00%, is payable semi-annually on March 1 and September 1 of each year beginning September 1, 1999.

In 2001, the City issued Combination Tax and Museum Revenue Bonds Series 2001. The original date of issue was May, 2001. Interest on the bonds is at 5.7% and is payable semi-annually on March 1 and September 1 of each year beginning March 1, 2002.

In 2004, the City issued Combination Tax and Museum Revenue Bonds, Series 2004. The original date of issue was May, 2004. Interest on the bonds is at 4.15% and is payable annually on March 1 of each year beginning March 1, 2005.

In 2008, the City issued Combination Tax and Revenue Bonds, Series 2008. The original date of issue was October, 2008. Interest on the bonds ranges from 3% to 4.625% and is payable semi-annually on March 1 and September 1 of each year beginning March 1, 2009.

The annual debt service requirements to maturity for bonded debt as of September 30, 2009, are as follows:

Year Ending September 30,]		Interest		
2010	\$	306,400	\$	310,169	
2011		316,600		297,540	
2012		264,100		283,846	
2013		401,700		268,956	
2014		164,400		252,239	
2015-2019		1,689,300		1,136,909	
2020-2024		2,602,000		650,859	
2025-2028	10 	1,585,000	_	149,937	
Totals	\$	7,329,500	\$	3,350,455	

Changes in Long-term Debt—The following is a summary of changes in long-term debt for the year ended September 30, 2009:

		Balance October 1, 2008	Additions		Payments		\$ Balance September 30, 2009	Due Within One Year		
Notes payable	\$	318,500	\$	-	\$	-	\$ 318,500	\$	59,039	
Capital leases		195,535		-		(195,535)	-		-	
Certificates of										
obligation		2,716,700		5,000,000		(387,200)	7,329,500		306,400	
Compensated absence	s	54,836		85,638		(77,459)	63,015		63,015	
Total	\$	3,285,571	\$	5,085,638	\$	(660,194)	\$ 7,711,015	\$	428,454	

7. FUND BALANCE

The governmental fund financial statements report reserved fund balance for amounts not available for apportionment or restricted for specific purposes. Debt Service fund balance is restricted for debt obligations. Capital Projects fund balance is restricted for construction projects.

8. **DUE FROM/DUE OTHER FUNDS**

The following are the due from/due to balances as of September 30, 2009, reported on the governmental fund balance sheet:

	Due To	Due From
General Fund: Special Revenue Fund Capital Projects Fund Debt Service Fund	\$ 2,251,416 (6,103,451) 135,673	\$ 3,086,077 1,885,956 (529,714)
Total General Fund	\$ (3,906,280)	\$ 4,442,319
Special Revenue Fund: General Fund Capital Projects Fund Debt Service Fund	\$ (3,086,077) 3,168 480,588	\$ (2,251,417) 4,431,771
Total Special Revenue Fund	\$ (2,602,321)	\$ 2,180,354
Debt Service Fund: General Fund Special Revenue Fund Capital Projects Fund	\$ (135,673) (480,588) (41,733)	\$ 529,713 - - - - - - - - - - - - - - - - - - -
Total Debt Service Fund	\$ (657,994)	\$ 608,112
Capital Projects Fund: General Fund Special Revenue Fund Debt Service Fund	\$ (1,885,955) (4,431,771) 12,500	\$ 6,132,684 (3,168) (78,398)
Total Capital Projects Fund	\$ (6,305,226)	\$ 6,051,118

9. DEFERRED COMPENSATION

All City employees are eligible to participate in the City's Deferred Compensation Plan (the "Plan") adopted under the provisions of International Revenue Code 457 (Deferred Compensation Plans with Respect to Service for State and Local Governments). The Plan is administrated by Nationwide Retirement Solutions and is a defined contribution plan. Under the terms of the Plan, employees may contribute up to the 5% of their earnings into an annuity contract. The City matches 5% of the participants' contributions into the Plan. The City's contributions into the Plan for fiscal year ended September 30, 2009 totaled \$945 and the employees contributed \$18,530.

10. RISK POOL

The City is a participant in an intergovernmental risk pool for its workers' compensation, liability, and property insurance. Participants in this pool are required to pay "premiums" on the insurance selected. Should a loss occur, the City is liable only for the deductible. The risk pool purchases reinsurance to cover future losses. The City is not liable for the future claims and, therefore, no liability has accrued at September 30, 2009.

11. CONTINGENCIES

The City is party to various legal proceedings, which normally occur in governmental operations. These legal proceedings are not likely to have a material adverse impact on the affected funds of the City and, therefore, no liability was accrued at September 30, 2009.

12. FEDERAL AND STATE GRANTS

In the normal course of operations, the City receives grant funds from various federal and state agencies. The grant programs are subject to audit by agents of the granting authorities, the purpose of which is to ensure compliance with conditions precedent to the granting of funds. Any liability for reimbursement, which may arise as the result of these audits, is not believed to be material.

13. OTHER CONTRACTS AND AGREEMENTS

The City entered into a contract with the City of El Paso and the County of El Paso on behalf of the El Paso City-County Health and Environmental District for the purpose of obtaining various health related services. The contract is for the period September 1, 2008 through August 31, 2009, and is in the amount of \$321,479.

The City entered into a contract with the El Paso Community College District for the purpose of obtaining a site manager for the Rio Vista Community Center. Under the terms of the contract, the City is required to pay \$18,000 of the manager's salary for the period September 1, 2009 through August 31, 2010.

14. FUND BALANCE AND NET ASSETS RESTATEMENT

During the year ended September 30, 2009, the City's net assets and fund balance were adjusted due to a correction of an error for unrecorded state criminal costs and fees for 2007 and 2008, and due to unrecorded invoices for 2008. The result of the restatement on net assets was as follows:

	Fund Balance	Net Assets
Understatement of accounts payable Understatement of expenses	(49,008) (189,918)	(49,008) (189,918)
	(238,926)	(238,926)

REQUIRED SUPPLEMENTARY INFORMATION

REQUIRED SUPPLEMENTARY INFORMATION BUDGETARY COMPARISON SCHEDULE - GENERAL FUND YEAR ENDED SEPTEMBER 30, 2009

	Budget Amounts					Actual Amounts Budgetary	Fin	iance With al Budget Positive
		Original		Final		Basis)	(1)	Negative)
Revenues/inflows:								(10.5.750)
Property taxes	\$	3,058,402	\$	3,058,402	\$	2,862,640	\$	(195,762)
Sales taxes		957,715		957,715		1,155,361		197,646
Franchise taxes		435,000		435,000		387,160		(47,840)
Planning and zoning fees		223,990		223,990		192,302		(31,688)
Fines		736,955		736,955		692,917		(44,038)
Interest income		128,000		128,000		46,912		(81,088) 134,553
Other income	-		(i.——	-	_	134,553	_	134,333
Total revenues		5,540,062	0	5,540,062	_	5,471,845		(68,217)
Expenditures/outflows:								
General government		1,360,155		1,360,155		1,083,133		277,022
Public works		988,936		988,936		947,066		41,870
Municipal court		215,959		215,959		409,230		(193,271)
Public safety		1,840,040		1,840,040		1,560,599		279,441
Planning/zoning		451,738		451,738		406,530		45,208
Public health		403,239		403,239		434,877		(31,638)
Special projects		118,684		118,684		59,140		59,544
Rio Vista Community Center		71,844		71,844		65,393		6,451
Human resources		89,467	_	89,467	_	54,228	_	35,239
Total expenditures	_	5,540,062	_	5,540,062		5,020,196		519,866
Excess of revenues over expenditures		-		() = :		451,649		451,649
Fund balance, beginning of year as restated	_	4,183,211	_	4,183,211		4,183,211		<u> </u>
Fund balance, end of year	\$	4,183,211	\$	4,183,211	\$	4,634,860	\$	451,649
	Budget basis Revenue accruals Expenditure accruals			\$	4,634,860 (20,959)			
		GAAP ba	sis		\$	4,613,901		

See accompanying notes to required supplementary information.

REQUIRED SUPPLEMENTARY INFORMATION BUDGETARY COMPARISON SCHEDULE - SPECIAL REVENUE FUND YEAR ENDED SEPTEMBER 30, 2009

	Budget Amounts Original Final			Actual Amounts (Budgetary Basis)		Variance With Final Budget Positive (Negative)		
Revenues/inflows:	-						Φ.	26
Interest income	\$		\$	-	\$	36	\$	36
Grants		571,000		571,000		91,585		(479,415)
Other income		93,700	-	93,700	-	35,878	_	(57,822)
Total revenues		664,700		664,700	_	127,499		(537,201)
Expenditures/outflows:								
General government		-		S=0		22,969		(22,969)
Municipal court		2				20,799		(20,799)
Public safety		2		_		10,193		(10,193)
Special projects		664,700		664,700		34,026		630,674
Public works		- ′				20,201		(20,201)
	-		0					
Total expenditures		664,700	_	664,700	_	108,188		556,512
Excess of revenues (expenditures)								
over expenditures (revenues)		¥		146		19,311		19,311
Fund balance, beginning of year as restated		21,564		21,564	_	21,564	_	_ =
Fund balance, end of year	\$		\$	21,564	\$	40,875	\$	19,311
	Budget basis Revenue accruals			als	\$	40,875 115,324		
		GAAP basis				156,199		

See accompanying notes to required supplementary information.

NOTES TO REQUIRED SUPPLEMENTARY INFORMATION AS OF AND FOR THE YEAR ENDED SEPTEMBER 30, 2009

1. SUMMARY OF SIGNIFICANT ACCOUNTING POLICIES

Budgetary Process—The budgetary process is prescribed by provisions of Title 4, Chapter 102 of the Local Government Code of the Texas legislature and entails the preparation of budgetary documents within an established timetable. The major documents prepared are the certificate of estimated resources and the appropriation resolution, both of which are prepared on the budgetary basis of accounting.

The certificate of estimated resources and the appropriation resolution are subject to amendment throughout the year with the legal restriction that appropriations cannot exceed estimated resources, as certified by resolution of the City Council. All funds are required to be budgeted and appropriated. The level of budgetary control is at the department level for the City. Any budgetary modifications at this level may only be made by resolution of the City Council.

Under the City's By-Laws, revenues not specifically related to a particular fund shall be deposited into the City's General Fund. Monies can only be transferred from the General Fund by resolution of the City Council.

Estimated Resources—As part of the City's budgetary process, the City Council approves the official estimated resources. The official estimated resources states the projected revenue of each fund. Prior to September 30, the City must revise its budget so that the total contemplated expenditures from any fund during the ensuing fiscal year will not exceed the amount available as stated in the official estimated resources. The revised budget then serves as the basis for the annual appropriation measure. On or about October 1, the estimated resources is amended to include any unencumbered balances from the preceding year. The estimated resources may be further amended during the year if the City Council determines that an estimate needs to be either increased or decreased. The amounts reported on the budgetary statements reflect the amounts in the final amended official certificate of estimated resources issued during fiscal year ended 2009.

Appropriations—An annual appropriation resolution must be passed by September 15 of the preceding year for the period October 1 to September 30. The appropriation resolution fixes spending authority at the fund and department level. The appropriation resolution may be amended during the year as new information becomes available, provided that total fund appropriations do not exceed current estimated resources, as certified. The allocation of appropriations among funds and objects within a fund may be modified during the year only by a resolution of the City Council. The amounts reported as the original budgeted amounts in the budgetary statements reflect the appropriations in the first complete appropriated budget, including amounts automatically carried over from prior years. The amounts reported as final budgeted amounts in the schedules of budgetary comparison represent the final appropriation amounts, including all supplemental appropriations.

Lapsing of Appropriations—At the close of each fiscal year, the unencumbered balance of each appropriation reverts to the respective fund and becomes subject to future appropriations. The encumbered appropriation balance is carried forward to the subsequent fiscal year and need not be reappropriated.

Budgetary Basis of Accounting—The City's budgetary process accounts for certain transactions on a basis other than generally accepted accounting principles ("GAAP"). The major differences between the budgetary basis and the GAAP basis lie in the manner in which revenues and expenditures are recorded. Under the budgetary basis, revenues and expenditures are recognized on a cash basis. Utilizing the cash basis, revenues are recorded when received in cash and expenditures are recorded when paid. Under the GAAP basis, revenues and expenditures are recorded on the modified accrual basis of accounting on the governmental fund statements and in the full accrual basis on the government-wide financial statements.



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REPORT ON INTERNAL CONTROL OVER FINANCIAL REPORTING AND ON COMPLIANCE AND OTHER MATTERS BASED ON AN AUDIT OF FINANCIAL STATEMENTS PERFORMED IN ACCORDANCE WITH GOVERNMENT AUDITING STANDARDS

To Honorable Guillermo Gandara Sr. and Members of City Council City of Socorro, Texas

We have audited the accompanying financial statements of the governmental activities and each major fund of the City of Socorro, Texas as of and for the year ended September 30, 2009, which collectively comprise the City of Socorro, Texas' basic financial statements and have issued our report thereon dated June 28, 2010. We conducted our audit in accordance with auditing standards generally accepted in the United States of America and the standards applicable to financial audits contained in *Government Auditing Standards*, issued by the Comptroller General of the United States.

Internal Control Over Financial Reporting

In planning and performing our audit, we considered City of Socorro, Texas' internal control over financial reporting as a basis for designing our auditing procedures for the purpose of expressing our opinion on the financial statements, but not for the purpose of expressing an opinion on the effectiveness of the City of Socorro, Texas' internal control over financial reporting. Accordingly, we do not express an opinion on the effectiveness of the City of Socorro, Texas' internal control over financial reporting.

Our consideration of internal control over financial reporting was for the limited purpose described in the preceding paragraph and would not necessarily identify all deficiencies in internal control over financial reporting that might be significant deficiencies or material weaknesses. However, as discussed below, we identified certain deficiencies in internal control over financial reporting that we consider to be significant deficiencies.

A control deficiency exists when the design or operation of a control does not allow management or employees, in the normal course of performing their assigned functions, to prevent or detect misstatements on a timely basis. A significant deficiency is a control deficiency, or combination of control deficiencies, that adversely affects the City of Socorro, Texas' ability to initiate, authorize, record, process, or report financial data reliably in accordance with generally accepted accounting principles, such that there is more than a remote likelihood that a misstatement of the City of Socorro, Texas' financial statements that is more than inconsequential will not be prevented or detected by the City of Socorro, Texas' internal control. We consider the deficiencies described in the accompanying schedule of findings and responses, as items 2009-01, 2009-02, 2009-03 and 2009-04, to be significant deficiencies in internal control over financial reporting.

A material weakness is a significant deficiency, or combination of significant deficiencies, that results in more than a remote likelihood that a material misstatement of the financial statements will not be prevented or detected by the City of Socorro, Texas' internal control.

Our consideration of the internal control over financial reporting was for the limited purpose described in the first paragraph of this section and would not necessarily identify all deficiencies in the internal control that might be significant deficiencies or material weaknesses. However, of the significant deficiencies described above, we consider items 2009-01, 2009-02, 2009-03 and 2009-04 to be material weaknesses.

Compliance and Other Matters

As part of obtaining reasonable assurance about whether City of Socorro, Texas' financial statements are free of material misstatement, we performed tests of its compliance with certain provisions of laws, regulations, contracts, and grant agreements, noncompliance with which could have a direct and material effect on the determination of financial statement amounts. However, providing an opinion on compliance with those provisions was not an objective of our audit, and accordingly, we do not express such an opinion. The results of our tests disclosed instances of noncompliance or other matters that are required to be reported under *Government Auditing Standards* and which are described in the accompanying schedule of findings and responses as item 2008-3.

The City's responses to the findings identified in our audit are described in the accompanying schedule of findings and responses. We did not audit the City's responses and, accordingly, we express no opinion on them.

This report is intended solely for the information and use of City of Socorro, Texas' management, City Council, federal awarding agencies and pass-through entities and is not intended to be and should not be used by anyone other than these specified parties.

June 28, 2010

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SCHEDULE OF FINDINGS AND RESPONSES FOR THE YEAR ENDED SEPTEMBER 30, 2009

2009-01: Material Weakness Relating to Controls over Financial Reporting

Condition

Following the commencement of audit fieldwork, a significant number of adjusting entries were identified that had a material effect on the revenues and expenditures of the City. Financial statement areas that required adjustment included but were not limited to the following:

Due from other funds were decreased approximately \$210,000 primarily due to unrecorded transactions.

Capital assets were increased approximately \$1,600,000 due to the general ledger not being adjusted to the detail.

Accounts payable were increased approximately \$72,000 primarily due to unrecorded transactions.

Accruals were increased approximately \$308,000 primarily due to the general ledger not being adjusted to the detail.

Expenses were increased approximately \$435,000 primarily due to unrecorded transactions.

Income was increased \$5,000,000 due to incorrect posting of bond proceeds.

Criteria

Statement on Auditing Standards ("SAS") Number 112 became effective for audits of financial statements for periods ending on or after December 15, 2006. Accordingly, this standard became effective for the City's audit year ending September 30, 2007. This standard defines a material weakness in financial reporting internal controls as a significant deficiency in internal controls that results in more than a remote likelihood that a material misstatement of the City's financial statements would not be prevented or detected by the City's internal financial reporting controls.

Management is responsible for the preparation of financial statements that are fairly presented in accordance with generally accepted accounting principles.

Management of the City is responsible for providing granting agencies with accurate financial reports for monitoring purposes.

Cause

Financial reporting controls are not adequate to assure that accurate financial information is prepared. There was a high level of turnover in the accounting department and the City employees do not work together with the interim city manager to assure that accurate financial information is prepared.

Effect

Internally generated financial information does not provide management with reliable data to make financial decisions or monitor the results of individual programs.

Recommendation

Management should implement financial reporting controls that provided assurance that internally generated financial information is accurate. Areas where financial controls should be strengthened include but are not limited to the following:

Due to / from funds should be reconciled monthly.

Accounts payable balances for all funds and accounts should be reconciled every month.

Capital assets for all funds and accounts should be reconciled every month.

Detailed listing of amounts in other accrued liabilities should be maintained and reconciled on a monthly basis.

Management Response

As of the date of issuance of the financial statements, management is in the process of preparing their response and corrective action plan. Management believes it will have its response and corrective action plan prepared by July 15, 2010.

2009-02: State Fees

Condition

In prior years, there was a difference between what the City reported and paid to the State for criminal costs and fees reported in the State Criminal Costs and Fees City Quarterly Report. In the current year, the City reconciled the difference and has determined that the City under reported and under paid criminal costs and fees to the State in an amount of \$343,565.

Criteria

State criminal costs and fees should be collected and submitted to the State on a timely manner.

Cause

On December 18, 2007 a manual deactivation of the computer fields occurred within the City, presumably by Municipal Court Employees trained and with authorized access to the software.

Effect

The City may be liable for penalties and interest for the amount under paid.

Recommendation

Account balances should be reconciled to subsidiary ledgers and/or supporting schedules and variances identified, investigated and resolved in a timely manner.

Management Response

As of the date of issuance of the financial statements, management is in the process of preparing their response and corrective action plan. Management believes it will have its response and corrective action plan prepared by July 15, 2010.

2009-3: Numerical Sequence of Checks Used

Condition

During our audit we noted that checks are not used in numerical sequence and that some checks were missing.

Criteria

Controls should be maintained over used and unused checks to prevent misuse and to make sure that all checks issued are recorded in the appropriate period.

Effect

There is an increased risk of theft.

Cause

The City does not follow controls over check processing to ensure safekeeping of assets. Included in those controls are restrictions in access and tracking of assets.

Recommendation

Tighter controls should be maintained over used and unused checks and all checks should be used in order and accounted for. Management should periodically review the cash disbursement journal to determine that checks are being written in numerical sequence.

Management's Response

As of the date of issuance of the financial statements, management is in the process of preparing their response and corrective action plan. Management believes it will have its response and corrective action plan prepared by July 15, 2010.

2009-4: Prior Period Adjustments

Condition

Certain items resulting in a misstatement of previously reported items were discovered during the year. Accordingly, adjustments were made to correct several balances at the beginning of the year.

Criteria

Financial statements should report accurate and timely financial information.

Effect

The 2008 financial statements were misstated and the 2009 beginning balances are misstated.

Cause

The City did not reconcile its 2008 financial statements to its general ledger and supporting documentation.

Recommendation

The City should review its audited financial statements and reconcile them to the general ledger and supporting documentation.

Management's Response

As of the date of issuance of the financial statements, management is in the process of preparing their response and corrective action plan. Management believes it will have its response and corrective action plan prepared by July 15, 2010.

2008 3: Public Funds Investment Act Compliance

Condition

At September 30, 2009, the City's deposits with Wells Fargo Stagecoach Sweep accounts were under collateralized. The M&O account had a balance of \$4,113,557 and was collateralized by \$4,094,246 of securities and the Capital Projects Fund account had a balance of \$4,330,838 and was collateralized by \$4,311,282 of securities.

Criteria

The Texas Public Funds Investment Act and the City's investment policy require that bank deposits be collateralized at 100% and 102%, respectively, of the uninsured balance.

Effect

The City is not in compliance with its investment policy. Also, having uncollateralized deposits subjects the City to additional risks.

Cause

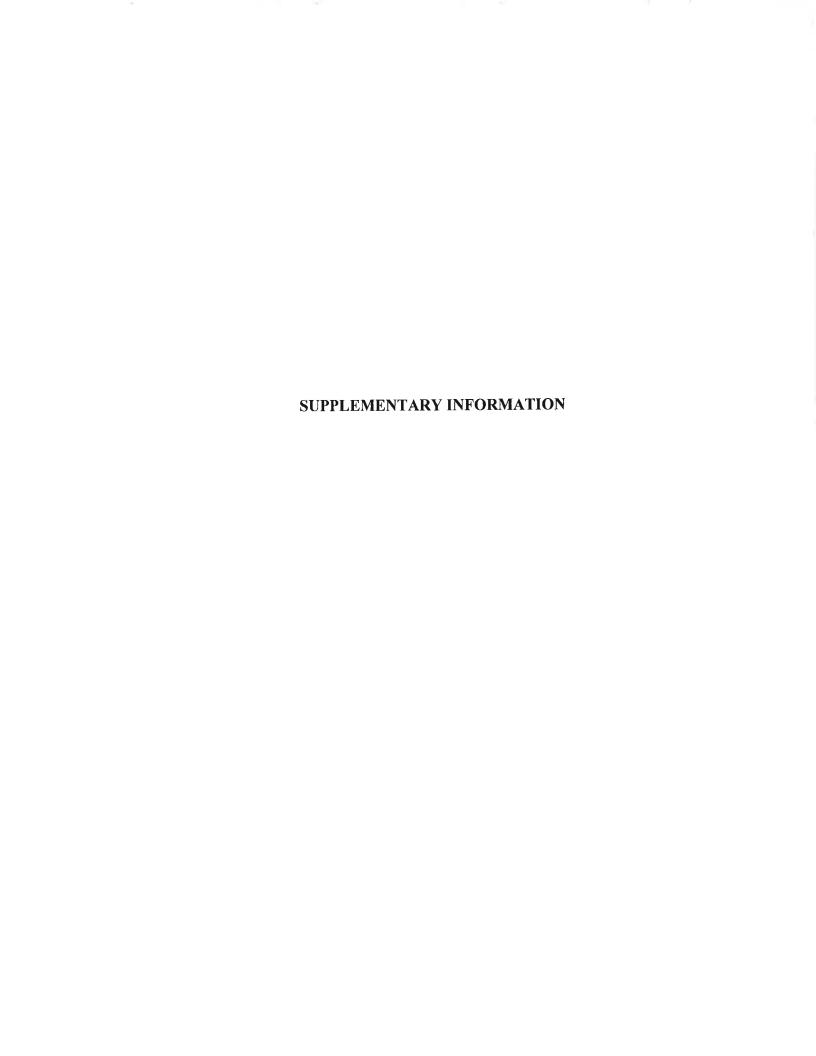
There was turnover in the accounting department and proper oversight was not exercised.

Recommendation

The City should bring itself into compliance with the Public Funds Investment Act by requiring its financial institutions secure the City's deposits with allowable collateral.

Management Response

The City of Socorro will ensure, in the future, that all deposits be collaterized.



SUPPLEMENTARY INFORMATION BUDGETARY COMPARISON SCHEDULE - DEBT SERVICE FUND YEAR ENDED SEPTEMBER 30, 2009

	Budget Amounts					Actual Amounts	Variance With Final Budget	
	5000	Original		Final		Budgetary Basis)	Positive (Negative)	
Revenues/inflows:								
Property taxes	\$	789,758	\$	789,758	\$	764,458	\$	(25,300)
Interest income		15,112		15,112			() 	(15,112)
Total revenues	-	804,870	ÿ <u>—</u>	804,870	_	764,458	99	(40,412)
Expenditures/outflows:								
General government		982		982		2,104		(1,122)
Principal payments		414,411		414,411		582,734		(168,323)
Interest payments		389,477	×==	389,477		318,475	-	71,002
Total expenditures		804,870	t	804,870		903,313		(98,443)
Net change in fund balance		9		-		(138,855)		(138,855)
Fund balance, beginning of year	_	135,833		135,833	_	135,833	e: 	
Fund balance, end of year	\$	135,833	\$	135,833	\$	(3,022)	\$	(138,855)
	Budget basis Revenue accruals			\$	(3,022) (19,290)			
	GAAP basis			\$	(22,312)	Ē.		

SUPPLEMENTARY INFORMATION BUDGETARY COMPARISON SCHEDULE - CAPITAL PROJECTS FUND YEAR ENDED SEPTEMBER 30, 2009

	Budget Amounts				Actual Amounts		Variance With Final Budget	
		Original	Final	(Budgetary Basis)		Positive (Negative)		
Revenues/inflows:								
Proceeds from bonds	\$	5,750,000	\$	5,750,000	\$	5,000,000	\$	(750,000)
Interest income		60,000		60,000		46,898		(13,102)
Other income	_			=	_	-	_	
Total revenues	_	5,810,000	-	5,810,000	_	5,046,898	_	(763,102)
Expenditures/outflows:								
General government		ਜ਼		-		146,319		(146,319)
Public works		5,810,000		5,810,000		1,759,361		4,050,639
Planning/zoning		<u>=</u>		-		-		:= :
Rio Vista Community Center		<u> </u>		18		-		
Total expenditures	_	5,810,000		5,810,000		1,905,680	Transition of the second	3,904,320
Net change in fund balance		-		-		3,141,218		3,141,218
Fund balance, beginning of year, as restated	d_	477,601	_	477,601	_	477,601		(#)
Fund balance, end of year	\$	477,601	\$	477,601	\$	3,618,819	\$	3,141,218